Attorney Docket No.: 3745.234 US PATENT

## THE UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

Tryre Application of: Efendic et al

Serial No.: 09/754,723

Group Art Unit: 1646

Filed: January 4, 2001

Examiner: To be assigned

Confirmation No. 3358

For: Use Of A Peptide

## AMENDMENT AND RESPONSE TO NOTICE TO COMPLY WITH SEQUENCE RULES

Box Sequence Commissioner for Patents Washington, DC 20231

Sir:

In response to the Notice to Comply with Sequence Rules dated June 1, 2001, please amend the above-captioned application as follows:

Please <u>substitute</u> the following paragraph for the same paragraph at page 2, line 25 to page 3, line 21:

Glucagon-like peptide-1, also referred to as GLP-1, is a peptide sequence found in the C-terminal portion of mammalian proglucagon. Prior to 1985, no definite biological activity of GLP-1 had been reported. However, in 1985 it was demonstrated that the amide of a fragment of GLP-1, namely GLP-1(1-36)amide, stimulates insulin release from isolated precultured rat pancreatic islets in the presence of glucose in a dose-dependent manner (Schmidt, W.E. et al. <u>Diabetologia</u> 28 (1985) 704-7). This finding suggests that GLP-1(1-36)amide and related peptides might be useful in the treatment of type 2 diabetes. Due to its substantially closer sequence homology to glucagon and glucosedependent insulinotropic peptide, also referred to as GIP, Schmidt et al. suggested that an even stronger glucagon- and/or GIP-like biological activity could be expected with GLP-1(7-36) than with the intact peptide. In recent years, particular interest has focused on the GLP-1 fragments GLP-1(7-37) and GLP-1(7-36)amide

and analogues and functional derivatives thereof. The designation GLP-1(1-36) indicates that the peptide fragment in question comprises the amino acid residues from (and including) number 1 to (and including) number 36 when counted from the N-terminal end of the parent peptide, GLP-1. Similarly, the designation GLP-1(7-37) designates that the fragment in question comprises the amino acid residues from (and including) number 7 to (and including) number 37 when counted from the N-terminal end of the parent peptide, GLP-1. The amino acid sequence of GLP-1(7-36)amide and of GLP-1(7-37) is given in formula I (SEQ ID NO:1):

His-Ala-Glu-Gly-Thr-Phe-Thr-Ser-Asp-Val-Ser-Ser-Tyr-Leu-Glu-Gly-Gln-Ala-Ala-Lys-Glu-Phe-Ile-Ala-Trp-Leu-Val-Lys-Gly-Arg-X
(I)

which shows GLP-1(7-36)amide when X is NH<sub>2</sub> and GLP-1(7-37) when X is Gly-OH.

Please insert the attached Sequence Listing at the end of the specification following page 15.

## **REMARKS**

Applicants enclose herewith the Sequence Listing for the above-captioned application and a 3.5" floppy disk containing the Sequence Listing.

The specification has been amended to provide SEQ ID NO for the sequence disclosed therein. This submission contains no new matter.

I hereby state that the content of the paper and computer readable copies of the Sequence Listing, submitted in accordance with 37 CFR § 1.821(c) and (e), respectively, are the same.

The Examiner is hereby invited to contact the undersigned by telephone if there are any questions concerning this amendment or application.

Respectfully submitted,

Date: 19 June 2001

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PATENT TRADEMARK OFFICE

Marked Up Version Showing Changes Made

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which shows GLP-1(7-36)amide when X is NH<sub>2</sub> and GLP-1(7-37) when X is Gly-OH.